

LINCOMIX[®] 20

Pfizer Animal Health

Lincomycin
Type A Medicated Article
20 grams/lb

DESCRIPTION

For the treatment and control of swine dysentery, and the control of porcine proliferative enteropathies (ileitis) caused by *Lawsonia intracellularis*. For reduction in the severity of swine mycoplasmal pneumonia caused by *Mycoplasma hyopneumoniae*. For increase in rate of weight gain in growing-finishing swine.

DIRECTIONS

For the treatment of swine dysentery, and the control of porcine proliferative enteropathies (ileitis) caused by *Lawsonia intracellularis*:

Feed 100 grams of lincomycin per ton of complete feed as the sole ration for three weeks, or until signs of disease (watery, mucoid, or bloody stools) disappear.

For the treatment and control of swine dysentery, and the control of porcine proliferative enteropathies (ileitis) caused by *Lawsonia intracellularis*:

Feed 100 grams of lincomycin per ton of complete feed as the sole ration for three weeks, or until signs of disease (watery, mucoid, or bloody stools) disappear, followed by 40 grams of lincomycin per ton.

For the control of swine dysentery and porcine proliferative enteropathies (ileitis) caused by *Lawsonia intracellularis*:

Feed 40 grams of lincomycin per ton of complete feed as the sole ration. For use in animals or on premises with a history of swine dysentery, but where symptoms have not yet occurred.

For reduction in the severity of swine mycoplasmal pneumonia caused by *Mycoplasma hyopneumoniae*:

Feed 200 grams of lincomycin per ton of complete feed as the sole ration for 21 days.

For increase in rate of weight gain in growing-finishing swine:

Feed 20 grams of lincomycin per ton of complete feed as the sole ration from weaning to market weight.

Mixing Directions
Type C Medicated Feeds

For treatment of swine dysentery, and the control of porcine proliferative enteropathies (ileitis) caused by *Lawsonia intracellularis*:

To make complete feed containing 100 grams of lincomycin, add 5 lbs of LINCOMIX 20 per ton.

For control of swine dysentery and porcine proliferative enteropathies (ileitis) caused by *Lawsonia intracellularis*:

To make complete feed containing 40 grams of lincomycin, add 2 lbs of LINCOMIX 20 per ton.

For reduction in the severity of mycoplasmal pneumonia caused by *Mycoplasma hyopneumoniae*:

To make complete feed containing 200 grams of lincomycin, add 10 lbs of LINCOMIX 20 per ton.

For increase in rate of weight gain in growing-finishing swine:

To make complete feed containing 20 grams of lincomycin, add 1 lb of LINCOMIX 20 per ton.

Intermediate Premix Amount of LINCOMIX 20 per 1000 lb (454 kg) of Feed Ingredients	Complete Feed Amount of Intermediate Premix to Provide Desired Grams of lincomycin per ton of Type C Medicated Feed			
	<i>lincomycin per ton of feed</i>			
	<i>20 grams</i>	<i>40 grams</i>	<i>100 grams</i>	<i>200 grams</i>
125 lbs	8 lbs	16 lbs	40 lbs	80 lbs
100 lbs	10 lbs	20 lbs	50 lbs	100 lbs
50 lbs	20 lbs	40 lbs	100 lbs	200 lbs

SAFETY

When using LINCOMIX 20 in approved combinations with other drugs, follow the required withdrawal times for those drugs. No drug withdrawal period is required before slaughter of swine fed LINCOMIX 20 at approved concentrations (20, 40, 100 or 200 grams lincomycin per ton of feed).

PRECAUTIONS

Occasionally, swine fed lincomycin may within the first two days after the onset of treatment develop diarrhea and/or swelling of the anus. On rare occasions, some pigs may show reddening of the skin and irritable behavior. These conditions have been self-correcting within five to eight days without discontinuing the lincomycin treatment. The effects of lincomycin on swine reproductive performance, pregnancy, and lactation have not been determined. Not for use in swine intended for breeding when lincomycin is fed at 20 grams per ton of complete feed.

LINCOMIX[®] 50

Pfizer Animal Health

Lincomycin Type A Medicated Article 50 grams/lb

DESCRIPTION

For the treatment and control of swine dysentery, and the control of porcine proliferative enteropathies (ileitis) caused by *Lawsonia intracellularis*. For reduction in the severity of swine mycoplasmal pneumonia caused by *Mycoplasma hyopneumoniae*. For increase in rate of weight gain in growing-finishing swine.

DIRECTIONS

For the treatment of swine dysentery, and the control of porcine proliferative enteropathies (ileitis) caused by *Lawsonia intracellularis*:

Feed 100 grams of lincomycin per ton of complete feed as the sole ration for three weeks, or until signs of disease (watery, mucoid, or bloody stools) disappear.

For the treatment and control of swine dysentery, and the control of porcine proliferative enteropathies (ileitis) caused by *Lawsonia intracellularis*:

Feed 100 grams of lincomycin per ton of complete feed as the sole ration for three weeks, or until signs of disease (watery, mucoid, or bloody stools) disappear, followed by 40 grams of lincomycin per ton.

For the control of swine dysentery and porcine proliferative enteropathies (ileitis) caused by *Lawsonia intracellularis*:

Feed 40 grams of lincomycin per ton of complete feed as the sole ration. For use in animals or on premises with a history of swine dysentery, but where symptoms have not yet occurred.

For reduction in the severity of swine mycoplasmal pneumonia caused by *Mycoplasma hyopneumoniae*:

Feed 200 grams of lincomycin per ton of complete feed as the sole ration for 21 days.

For increase in rate of weight gain in growing-finishing swine:

Feed 20 grams of lincomycin per ton of complete feed as the sole ration from weaning to market weight.

Mixing Directions Type C Medicated Feeds

For treatment of swine dysentery, and the control of porcine proliferative enteropathies (ileitis) caused by *Lawsonia intracellularis*:

To make complete feed containing 100 grams of lincomycin, add 2 lbs of LINCOMIX 50 per ton.

For control of swine dysentery and porcine proliferative enteropathies (ileitis) caused by *Lawsonia intracellularis*:

To make complete feed containing 40 grams of lincomycin, add 0.8 lbs of LINCOMIX 50 per ton.

For reduction in the severity of mycoplasmal pneumonia caused by *Mycoplasma hyopneumoniae*:

To make complete feed containing 200 grams of lincomycin, add 4 lbs of LINCOMIX 50 per ton.

For increase in rate of weight gain in growing-finishing swine:

To make complete feed containing 20 grams of lincomycin, add 0.4 lbs of LINCOMIX 50 per ton.

Intermediate Premix Amount of LINCOMIX 50 per 1000 lb (454 kg) of Feed Ingredients	Complete Feed Amount of Intermediate Premix to Provide Desired Grams of lincomycin per ton of Type C Medicated Feed			
	<i>lincomycin per ton of feed</i>			
	<i>20 grams</i>	<i>40 grams</i>	<i>100 grams</i>	<i>200 grams</i>
50 lbs	8 lbs	16 lbs	40 lbs	80 lbs
40 lbs	10 lbs	20 lbs	50 lbs	100 lbs
20 lbs	20 lbs	40 lbs	100 lbs	200 lbs

SAFETY

When using LINCOMIX 50 in approved combinations with other drugs, follow the required withdrawal times for those drugs. No drug withdrawal period is required before slaughter of swine fed LINCOMIX 50 at approved concentrations (20, 40, 100 or 200 grams lincomycin per ton of feed).

PRECAUTIONS

Occasionally, swine fed lincomycin may within the first two days after the onset of treatment develop diarrhea and/or swelling of the anus. On rare occasions, some pigs may show reddening of the skin and irritable behavior. These conditions have been self-correcting within five to eight days without discontinuing the lincomycin treatment. The effects of lincomycin on swine reproductive performance, pregnancy, and lactation have not been determined. Not for use in swine intended for breeding when lincomycin is fed at 20 grams per ton of complete feed.

Do not allow rabbits, hamsters, guinea pigs, horses, or ruminants access to feeds containing lincomycin. Ingestion by these species may result in severe gastrointestinal effects.

Good Manufacturing Practices Should Be Observed in Preparing Feeds Containing LINCOMIX 50. This Includes Appropriate Clean-out Procedures to Avoid Cross-Contamination.

Restricted Drug-Use Only as Directed